

**33-Mavzu. Trigonometrik tenglamalar**

1. Hisoblang:  $\sin(2\arctg 5)$

A)  $\frac{3}{5}$  B)  $\frac{5}{13}$  C)  $\frac{4}{5}$  D)  $\frac{12}{13}$

2. Hisoblang:  $\arccos\left(\left(-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{-1}\right) + \arctg\left(\left(3^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)\right)$

A)  $-180^\circ$  B)  $180^\circ$  C)  $-120^\circ$  D)  $120^\circ$

3. Hisoblang:  $\tg(\arctg(-3) + \arcsin 0) + \cos\left(\arccos\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\right)$

A)  $\frac{1}{3}$  B)  $-\frac{1}{3}$  C)  $\frac{7}{3}$  D)  $-\frac{7}{3}$

4. Hisoblang:  $\arccos\left(\cos\frac{6\pi}{7}\right)$

A)  $\frac{6\pi}{7}$  B)  $\frac{\pi}{7}$  C)  $-\frac{\pi}{7}$  D)  $-\frac{6\pi}{7}$

5. Hisoblang:  $\arccos(\sin 105^\circ)$

A)  $105^\circ$  B)  $15^\circ$  C)  $75^\circ$  D)  $165^\circ$

6. Hisoblang:  $\arcsin(\sin(-110^\circ))$

A)  $-110^\circ$  B)  $-70^\circ$  C)  $70^\circ$  D)  $110^\circ$

7. Hisoblang:  $\cos(\arctg(-\frac{4}{3}))$

A)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$  B)  $-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$  C)  $0,8$  D)  $-0,8$

8.  $\tg(\arccos\frac{4}{5} - \arcsin\frac{7}{25})$  ni hisoblang.

A)  $\frac{44}{75}$  B)  $\frac{44}{117}$  C)  $\frac{100}{117}$  D)  $\frac{4}{3}$

9.  $\sin\left(\arccos\frac{3}{5} + 600\arcsin\frac{1}{2}\right)$  ni hisoblang.

A)  $0,6$  B)  $-0,6$  C)  $0,8$  D)  $-0,8$

10. Agar  $4\ctg(2\arctg 2) + 2\arctg(\tg 2) = x$  bo'lsa,  $x+7$  ni toping .

A)  $\pi-3$  B)  $3\pi+5$  C)  $4$  D)  $3\pi$

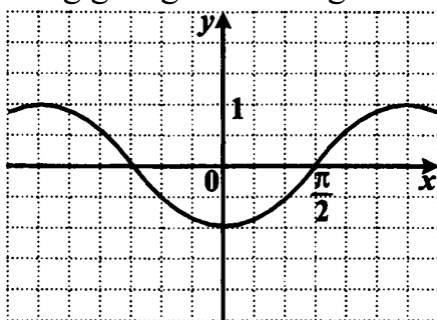
11. Agar  $|a| \leq 1, |b| \leq 1$  bo'lsa,  $\arccos a - 8 \arcsin b$  ifodaning eng katta qiymati nechaga teng bo'ladi?

- A) 1 B)  $2\pi$  C)  $5\pi$  D)  $3\pi$

12.  $y = \log_2((\operatorname{ctg}42^\circ - x)(x - \sin 42^\circ))$  funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping.

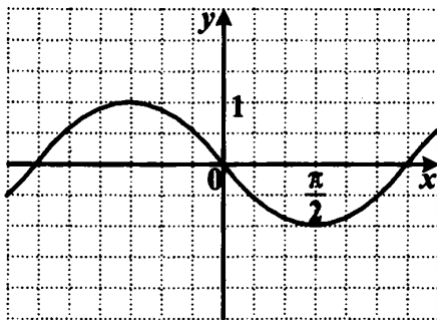
- A)  $(\sin 42^\circ; \operatorname{ctg}48^\circ)$  B)  $(\cos 48^\circ; \operatorname{ctg}42^\circ)$   
 C)  $(\operatorname{ctg}42^\circ; \sin 42^\circ)$  D)  $(\operatorname{ctg}42^\circ; \sin 48^\circ)$

13. Chizmada qaysi funksiyaning grafigi tasvirlangan?



- A)  $y = \cos x$  B)  $y = -\cos x$  C)  $y = \sin x$  D)  $y = -\sin x$

14. Chizmada qaysi funksiyaning grafigi tasvirlangan?



- A)  $y = \cos x$  B)  $y = -\cos x$  C)  $y = \sin x$  D)  $y = -\sin x$

15. Funksiyaning aniqlanish sohasini toping:  $f(x) = \frac{3\sqrt{x} - 4\sqrt{2-x}}{\sin \pi x}$

- A)  $[0;2]$  B)  $[0;1)$  C)  $(0;1) \cup (1;2)$  D)  $[0; \frac{\pi}{2}) \cup (\frac{\pi}{2}; 2)$

16. Funksiyaning eng kichik musbat davrini toping:  $y = 2 + \cos(8x - 7)$

- A)  $2\pi$  B)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  C)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  D)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

17. Funksiyaning eng kichik musbat davrini toping:  $y = 2 + \cos(2,5x - 7)$

- A)  $\frac{4\pi}{5}$  B)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  C)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  D)  $\frac{2\pi}{5}$

18.  $y = \sin \frac{\pi x}{3} + 3 \cos \frac{\pi x}{4} - \operatorname{tg} \frac{\pi x}{4}$  funksiyaning eng kichik musbat davrini toping.  
A) 12    B)  $12\pi$     C)  $24\pi$     D) 24
19. Agar  $y = \sin^2 \left( \frac{3\pi x}{a} + \frac{\pi}{3} \right)$  funksiyaning eng kichik musbat davri 5 bo'lsa,  
 $y = \pi \operatorname{ctg}(2ax + \pi)$  funksiyaning eng kichik musbat davrini toping.  
A)  $\frac{5\pi}{4}$     B)  $\frac{\pi}{15}$     C)  $\frac{\pi}{30}$     D) 2,5
20.  $y = \frac{8 \sin x - 15 \cos x + 9}{4}$  funksiyaning eng katta qiymatini toping.  
A) 6,5    B) 7,5    C) 5    D) 6
21.  $y = \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin x}$  funksiyaning eng kichik butun qiymatini toping.  
A) -2    B) -1    C) 1    D) 2
22.  $f(x) = \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos x} - 1$  funksiyaning qiymatlar sohasini toping.  
A) (-1;1)    B) (-2;2)    C) (-3;1)    D)  $[-2;0) \cup (0;2]$
23.  $y = \frac{1}{\pi} \arccos(x - 5) + |x - 7|$  funksiyaning qiymatlar sohasini toping.  
A) [1;4]    B) [4;8]    C) [-2;1]    D) [5;9]
24. Juft funksiya berilgan javobni toping.  
A)  $f(x) = \cos x \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$     B)  $f(x) = |\sin x| \cdot \operatorname{ctg} x$   
C)  $f(x) = \frac{\sin x + x^3}{\cos x}$     D)  $f(x) = \cos x \cdot \operatorname{ctg}^2 x$
25. Tenglamani yeching:  $\sin \frac{x}{2} = 1$   
A)  $\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi k}{2}, k \in Z$     B)  $\frac{\pi}{4} + \pi k, k \in Z$     C)  $\pi + 4\pi k, k \in Z$     D)  $\pi + 2\pi k, k \in Z$
26. Tenglamani yeching:  $\sin 2x = -1$   
A)  $-\frac{\pi}{4} + \pi k, k \in Z$     B)  $-\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi k}{2}, k \in Z$     C)  $-\pi + 4\pi k, k \in Z$     D)  $\pi k, k \in Z$
27. Tenglamani yeching:  $\cos \frac{x}{2} = 1$   
A)  $\pi k, k \in Z$     B)  $4\pi k, k \in Z$     C)  $2\pi k, k \in Z$     D)  $\pi + 2\pi k, k \in Z$
28. Tenglamani yeching:  $3 \cos 5x - 3 = 0$   
A)  $\frac{2\pi k}{5}, k \in Z$     B)  $2\pi k, k \in Z$     C)  $\pi k, k \in Z$     D)  $\frac{\pi k}{5}, k \in Z$

29. Tenglamani yeching:  $\cos\left(3x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = -1$

A)  $\frac{5\pi}{18} + \frac{\pi k}{3}, k \in Z$     B)  $\frac{7\pi}{18} + \frac{2\pi k}{3}, k \in Z$     C)  $\frac{9\pi}{18} + \frac{\pi k}{3}, k \in Z$     D)  $\frac{7\pi}{18} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$

30.  $5 \sin 4x - 8 = 3 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + 4x\right)$  tenglama  $[-2\pi; 2\pi]$  kesmada nechta ildizga ega?

A) 7    B)  $\emptyset$     C) 6    D) 8

31. Tenglamani yeching:  $\sin x - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 0$

A)  $\frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$     B)  $\frac{\pi}{4} + \pi k, k \in Z$   
 C)  $(-1)^k \frac{\pi}{4} + \pi k, k \in Z$     D)  $\pm \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$

32.  $\cos 3x \cos x + 0,5 = \sin 3x \sin x$  tenglamaning ildizlarini ko'rsating.

A)  $\frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$     B)  $\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi k}{2}, k \in Z$     C)  $\pm \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi k}{2}, k \in Z$     D)  $\pi k, k \in Z$

33.  $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + x\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6} - x\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  tenglamaning ildizlarini ko'rsating.

A)  $\frac{\pi}{6} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$     B)  $\pm \frac{5\pi}{6} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$   
 C)  $\pm \frac{2\pi}{3} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$     D)  $\pm \frac{\pi}{3} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$

34.  $\sin \frac{x}{2} + \cos x - 1 = 0$  tenglamaning  $[0; 2\pi]$  kesmada nechta ildizi bor?

A) 4    B) 3    C) 2    D) 0

35.  $\frac{\cos 2x}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \sin x} = 0$  tenglamaning  $[0; 4\pi]$  oraliqda nechta ildizi bor?

A) 8    B) 6    C) 4    D) 2

36. Tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{\sin 2x}{1 + \operatorname{ctgx}} = 0$

A)  $\frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k$     B)  $\pi k$     C)  $\frac{\pi k}{2}$     D)  $\pi + 2\pi k$  ( $k \in Z$ )

37. Tenglamani yeching:  $\frac{\sin 2x}{\operatorname{ctgx} - \cos x} = 0$

A)  $\frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k$     B)  $\emptyset$     C)  $\frac{\pi k}{2}$     D)  $2\pi k$  ( $k \in Z$ )

38.  $\frac{\cos^2 x - \cos x}{\sin x} = 0$  tenglama  $[-2\pi; 2\pi]$  oraliqda nechta ildizga ega?

A) 4    B) 6    C) 2    D) 3

39.  $\frac{1+\cos x}{\operatorname{tg}^3 x} = 0$  tenglama  $[0;9\pi]$  oraliqda nechta yechimga ega?

A) 2    B) 3    C) 4    D) 5

40.  $\sqrt{\sin x} \cdot \cos x = 0$  tenglamani yeching.

A)  $\pi k, \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k, k \in Z$     B)  $\frac{\pi}{2} + \pi k, k \in Z$

C)  $\frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$     D)  $\pi k, \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k, k \in Z$

**Kalitlar**

1.	B	16.	D	31.	C
2.	B	17.	A	32.	C
3.	D	18.	D	33.	B
4.	A	19.	C	34.	A
5.	B	20.	A	35.	C
6.	B	21.	B	36.	A
7.	D	22.	C	37.	B
8.	B	23.	A	38.	A
9.	C	24.	D	39.	B
10.	D	25.	C	40.	D
11.	C	26.	C		
12.	B	27.	B		
13.	B	28.	A		
14.	D	29.	B		
15.	C	30.	D		